

**Financial Statements** 

Lymphoma Foundation Canada

December 31, 2018

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

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To the Directors of Lymphoma Foundation Canada

#### **Qualified opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Lymphoma Foundation Canada, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018, and the statements of revenue and expenses and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as at December 31, 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

#### Basis for qualified opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the Foundation derives revenue from contributions from the public, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of this revenue was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Foundation. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenue, deficiency of revenue over expenses, and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, current assets at December 31, 2018 and 2017, and net assets as at January 1, 2018 and 2017 and December 31, 2018 and 2017. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

# Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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# Independent Auditor's Report

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Grant Thornton LLP

Mississauga, Canada June 26, 2019

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

## Lymphoma Foundation Canada Statement of Financial Position

December 31		2018		2017
Assets				
Current				
Cash	\$	-	\$	36,923
Short-term investments (Note 3)		226,329		397,931
Amounts receivable		46,953		853
Sales tax recoverable		29,339		62,009
Inventory		4,200		18,000
Prepaid expenses		41,769		163,602
				100,002
Total current		348,590		679,318
Capital assets (Note 4)		65,700		100,091
		03,700	_	100,031
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	414,290	\$	779,409
Liabilities Current				
Bank indebtedness	\$	17,826	\$	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		88,626		152,864
Deferred revenue (Note 5)		-		180,000
			_	
Total liabilities		106,452		332,864
Net assets - unrestricted		307,838		446,545
	_	<u>,                                     </u>		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	414,290	\$	779,409
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On behalf of the board

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Director Hellespie Director

Lymphoma Foundation Canada Statements of Revenue and Expenses an	d Changes in Net	
Assets		
Year ended December 31	<b>2018</b> 20	)17

Year ended December 31	2018	2017
Revenue	\$ 975,191	\$ 1,084,831
Contributions and fundraising	477,600	400,495
Educational grants from corporations	42,001	-
Government grant	<u>4,772</u>	2,300
Interest and miscellaneous	1,499,564	1,487,626
Expenses	623,250	476,951
Operations (Schedule 1)	518,800	529,307
Fundraising (Schedule 1)	343,437	448,431
HCP & patient education (Schedule 1)	104,034	134,685
Patient support (Schedule 1)	<u>48,750</u>	75,000
Research (Note 7)	<u>1,638,271</u>	1,664,374
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	<u>\$ (138,707</u> )	<u>\$ (176,748</u> )
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 446,545	\$ 623,293
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	(138,707)	(176,748)
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 307,838</u>	\$ 446,545

Year ended December 31		2018	2017
Increase (decrease) in cash			
<b>Operating</b> Deficiency of revenue over expenses Item not affecting cash	\$	(138,707)	\$ (176,748)
Amortization	_	34,391	 7,398
		(104,316)	(169,350)
Change in non-cash working capital items Amounts receivable Sales tax recoverable Inventory Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	_	(46,100) 32,670 13,800 121,833 (64,238) (180,000)	 2,506 (29,513) (18,000) (148,683) 101,129 119,500
		(226,351)	 (142,411)
Investing Purchase of capital assets Purchase of short-term investments Proceeds from short-term investments	_	(3,398) 175,000 171,602	 (83,980) (200,000) <u>175,000</u> (108,980)
		171,002	 (100,900)
Decrease in cash (bank indebtedness)		(54,749)	(251,391)
Cash (bank indebtedness) Beginning of year	_	36,923	 288,314
End of year	\$	(17,826)	\$ 36,923

# Lymphoma Foundation Canada Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2018

### 1. Nature of operations

Lymphoma Foundation Canada (the "Foundation") was incorporated without share capital on February 6, 1998, by Letters Patent under the Canadian Corporations Act and continued under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act on October 17, 2013. The Foundation is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act. The Foundation's mission is to advance knowledge, raise awareness, and support research in relation to the subject of lymphoma.

### 2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

### **Revenue recognition**

The Foundation follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Unrestricted contributions are recognized when received or receivable and collectability is reasonably assured. Revenue from fundraising and educational sales and events and interest income are recognized as earned. Designated contributions and grants are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

### **Capital assets**

Capital assets are recorded at cost and are being amortized over the estimated useful life. The annual amortization rates and methods are as follows:

Furniture and fixtures	5 years Straight-line
Leasehold improvements	5 years Straight-line
Computer equipment	45% Declining balance
Website software and applications	3 years Straight-line

### Donated gifts and services

Donated services are not recognized in these financial statements due to the difficulty in determining their fair value. Donated gifts were received during the year but are not recognized in the financial statements.

# Lymphoma Foundation Canada Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2018

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### Financial instruments

The Foundation considers any contract creating a financial asset, liability or equity instrument as a financial instrument, except in limited circumstances. The Foundation's financial instruments consists of cash, short-term investments, amounts receivable, sales tax recoverable and accounts payable.

Financial assets or liabilities obtained in arm's length transactions are initially measured at their fair value.

The Foundation subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

### Allocation of expenses

Certain employees perform a combination of program activities and operations. As a result, the Foundation allocates salary expenses based on time dedicated to each activity. Expense allocations are applied on a consistent basis from year to year.

### 3. Short-term investments

Short-term investments consist of Guaranteed Investment Certificates bearing interest between prime less 2.6% and 2.7%, maturing January, May and December 2019.

### 4. Capital assets

			 2018	 2017
	 Cost	 cumulated	 Net Book Value	 Net Book Value
Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements Computer equipment Website software and	\$ 18,093 9,887 15,188	\$ 11,867 6,921 13,493	\$ 6,226 2,966 1,695	\$ 9,845 4,943 3,083
applications	 122,070	 67,257	 54,813	82,220
	\$ 165,238	\$ 99,538	\$ 65,700	\$ 100,091

# Lymphoma Foundation Canada Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2018

### 5. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue includes designated contributions to be recognized as revenue in the accounts when disbursed.

	 2018	 2017
Deferred revenue, beginning of year Amounts received during the year Amounts recognized as revenue during the year	\$ 180,000 - (180,000)	\$ 60,500 180,000 (60,500)
Deferred revenue, end of year	\$ -	\$ 180,000

### 6. Allocation of expenses

During 2018, \$584,644 (2017 - \$589,311) in salary expenses were allocated as follows:

	 2018	 2017
Operations HCP & patient education Patient support	\$ 341,936 166,507 76,201	\$ 258,234 251,656 79,421
	\$ 584,644	\$ 589,311

### 7. Research fellowships and commitment

The following research fellowships were paid during the year:

	 2018	 2017
Lymphoma Foundation Canada Research Fellowship McGill University Research Fellowship	\$ 22,500 26,250	\$ 75,000 -
	\$ 48,750	\$ 75,000

The Lymphoma Foundation Canada Research Fellowship is administered by the Provincial Health Authority.

### 8. Operating lease commitments

The Foundation has rental agreements for its office premises with terms that expire on February 28, 2020 and May 31, 2021.

Future minimum lease payments are payable as follows:

2019 2020 2021	\$ 76,857 61,706 24,584
	\$ 163,147

#### 9. Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments. The risks that arise from financial instruments include credit, liquidity, and interest rate risk.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a transaction will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. This risk is mitigated by the Foundation ensuring revenue is derived from qualified sources. There is no allowance for doubtful accounts in relation to the Foundation's amounts receivable balances reflected in these financial statements.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Foundation cannot repay its obligations when they become due to its creditors. The Foundation reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments become due. Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances owing in the amount of \$Nil (2017 – \$Nil).

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

# Lymphoma Foundation Canada Schedule of Detailed Expenses

Schedule 1

	2018		2017
\$	350,842 112,410 61,977 49,716 13,914 34,391	\$	259,198 116,254 37,411 29,337 27,353 7,398
\$	623,250	\$	476,951
\$	495,284 17,051 6,465 	\$	511,667 9,200 8,435 <u>5</u> 529,307
<u> </u>	,	Ŧ	
\$	297,796 44,248 <u>1,393</u>	\$	340,347 103,464 <u>4,620</u>
<u> </u>	343,437	\$	448,431
\$ 	102,757 <u>1,277</u> 104.034	\$ 	123,939 <u>10,746</u> 134,685
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$